

On a Generalized Framework for Time-Aware Knowledge Graphs

SEMANTICS

Towards a Knowledge-Aware AI

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On a Generalized Framework for Time-Aware Knowledge Graphs

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Abstract. Knowledge graphs have emerged as an effective tool for managing and standardizing semistructured domain knowledge in a human- and machine-interpretable way. In terms of graph-based domain applications, such as embeddings and graph neural networks, current research is increasingly taking into account the time-related evolution of the information encoded within a graph. Algorithms and models for stationary and static knowledge graphs are extended to make them accessible for time-aware domains, where time-awareness can be interpreted in different ways. In particular, a distinction needs to be made between the validity period and the traceability of facts as objectives of time-related knowledge graph extensions. In this context, terms and definitions such as *dynamic* and *temporal* are often used inconsistently or interchangeably in the literature. Therefore, with this paper we aim to provide a short but well-defined overview of time-aware knowledge graph extensions and thus facilitate future research in this field as well.

Keywords. Knowledge Graph, Dynamic Knowledge Graph, Temporal Knowledge Graph, Time-Aware Knowledge Graph, Semantic Web



Time-Aware Knowledge Graph Extensions

Why we wrote this paper

- In addition to standard requirements such as **integrability and standardization**, the decision whether to use knowledge graphs increasingly depends on their **added value in downstream tasks** such as
 - i. **Knowledge Graph Embeddings**
 - ii. **Graph-based learning (GNNs)**
 - iii. **Explainability of AI models**
- Until now, these tasks have been dealt with almost exclusively without consideration of time-awareness for **static knowledge graphs**.
- In the sparse literature related to time-aware downstream applications, terms such as **temporal, dynamic, static, etc.** are used interchangeably and in particular inconsistently.

What is a SEAL?



That's a seal.



No, that's a seal!



*You are both wrong.
This is a seal.*



*I believe seals look
more like this.*



*Have you ever seen
a seal before?*



SEALS

What is SEAL? KNOWLEDGE GRAPH?



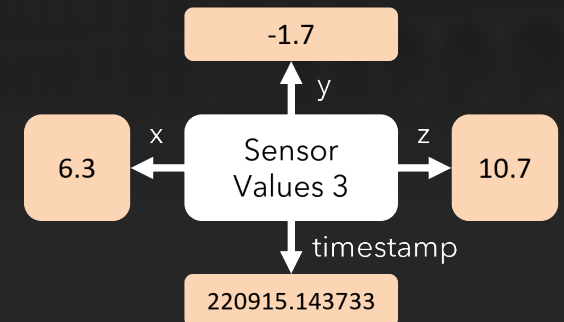
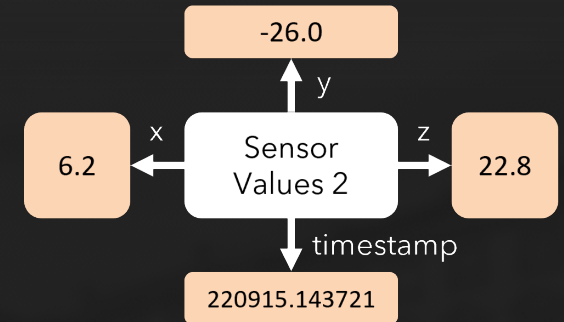
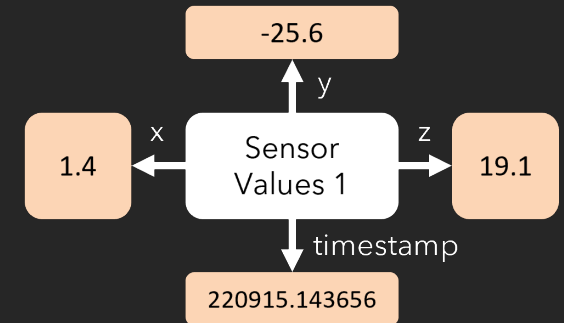
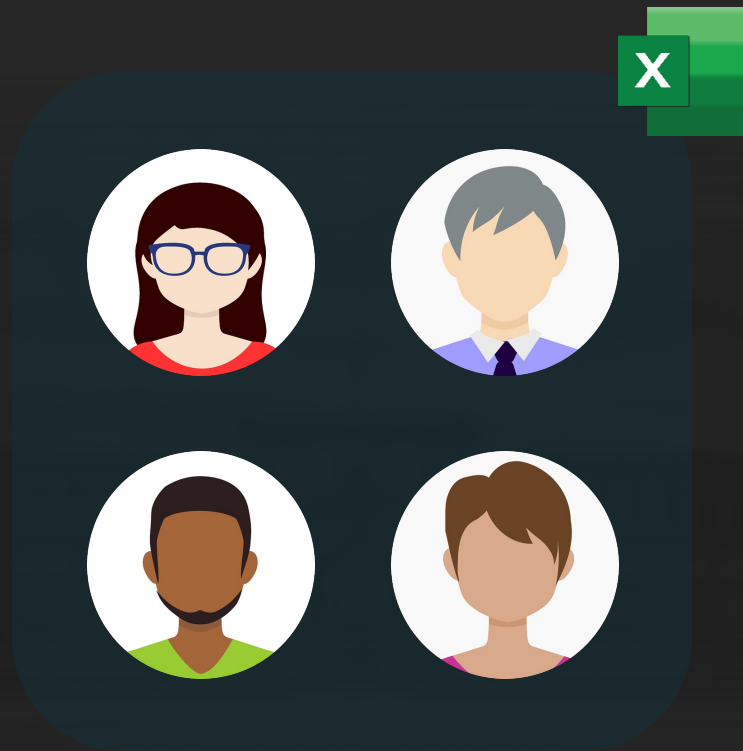
SEALS

What is a KNOWLEDGE GRAPH?

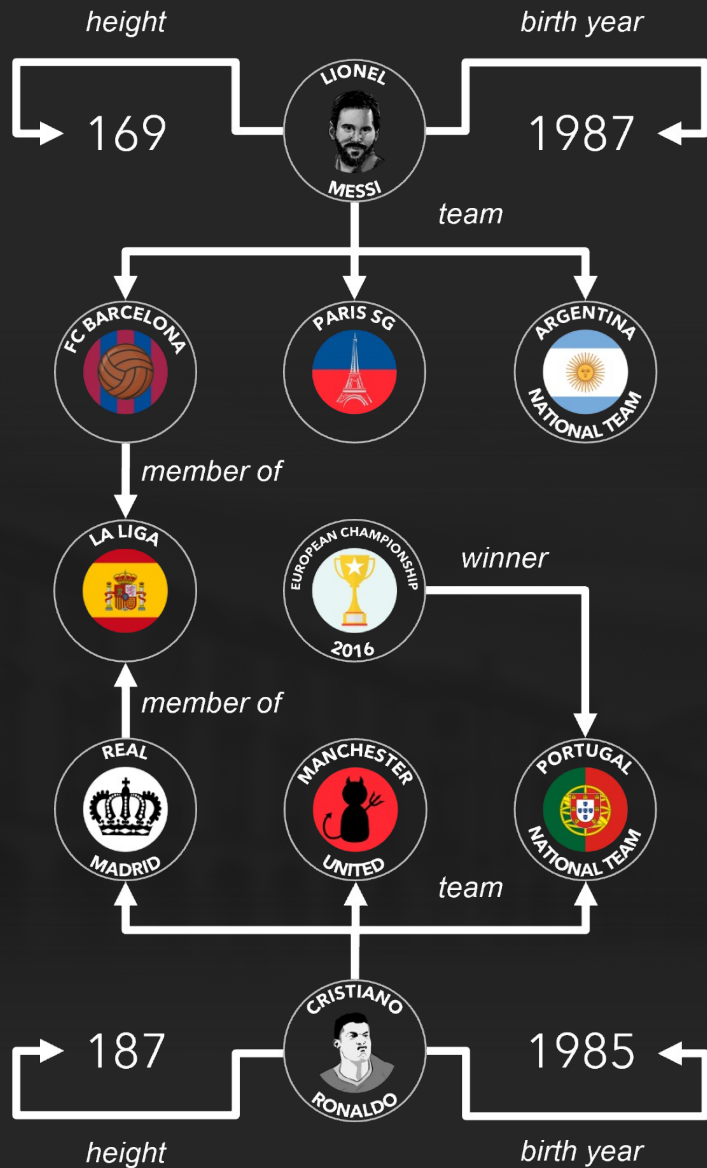
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Halyard
IBM Db2
KiWi (Apache Marmotta)
MarkLogic
Mulgara
Amazon Neptune
NitrosBase
OntoQuad RDF Server
OpenAnzo
OpenLink Virtuoso
Oracle
Oxigraph
Parliament
Pointrel System
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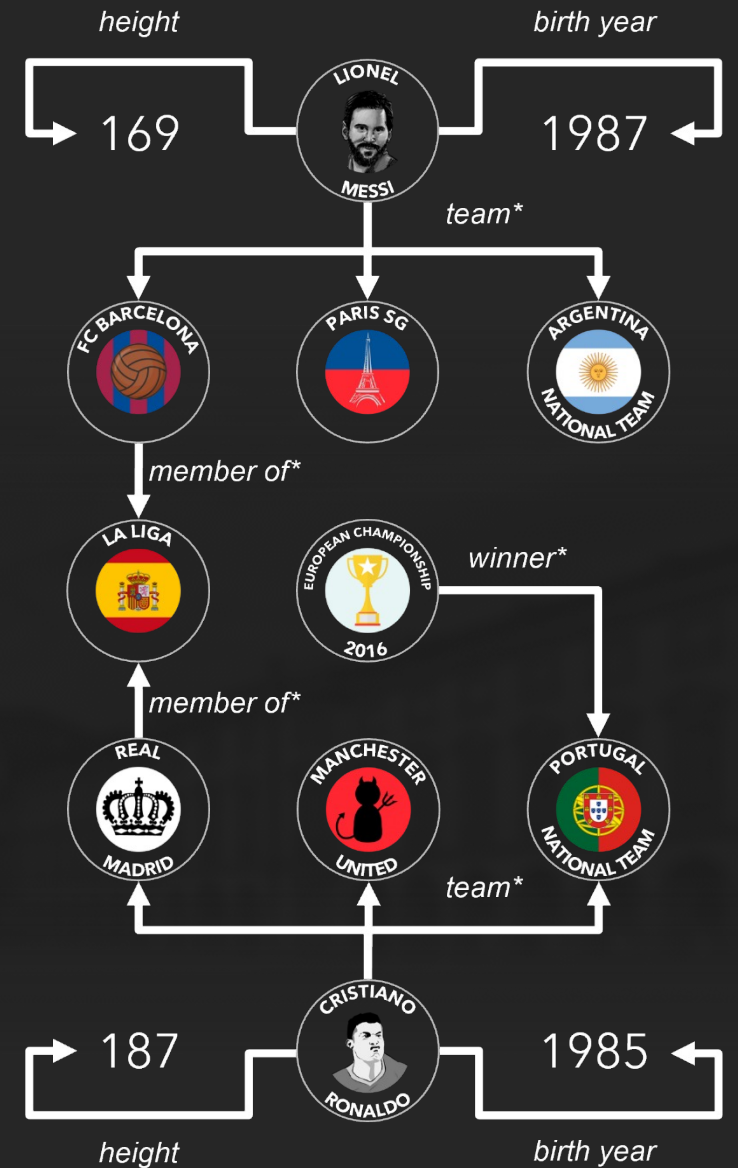
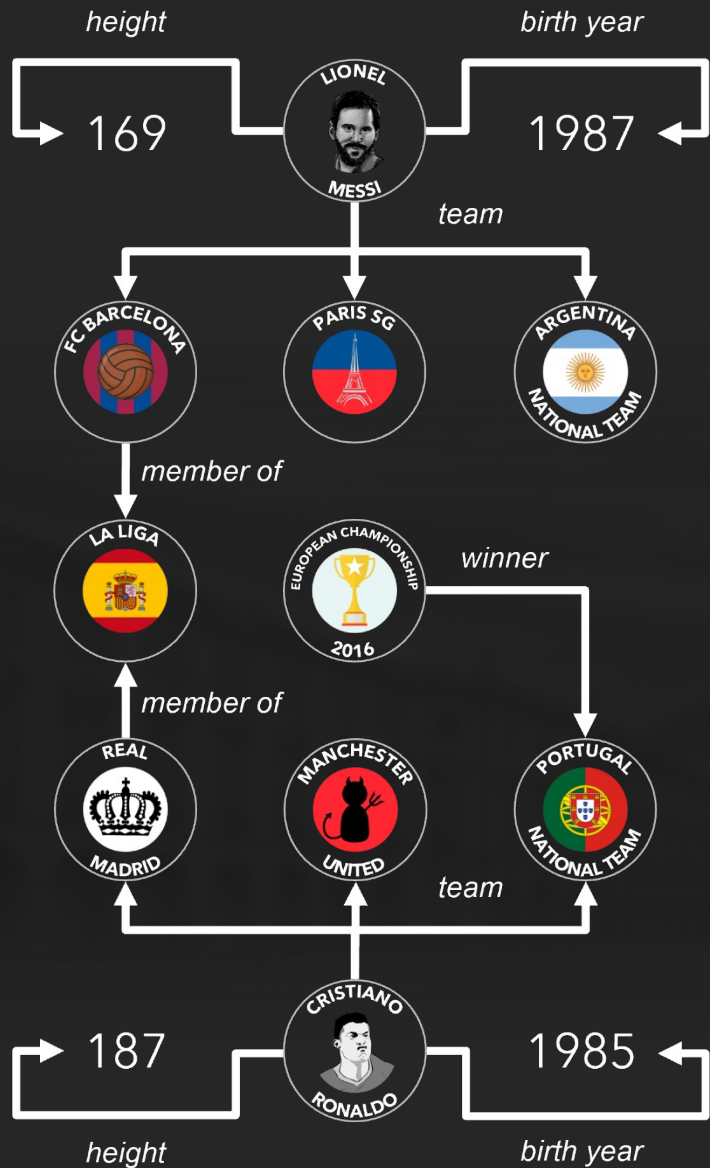
What is a KNOWLEDGE GRAPH?



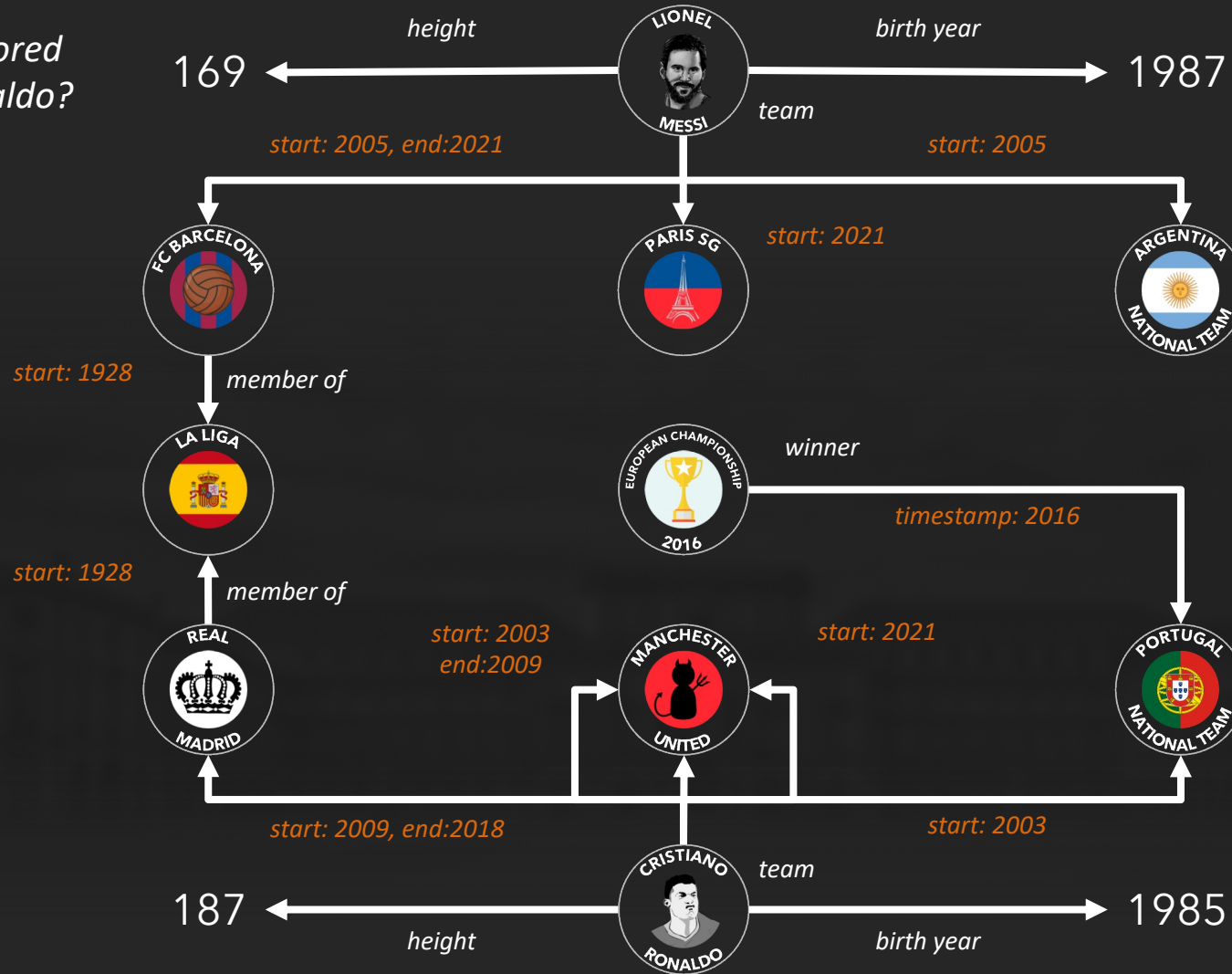
What is a KNOWLEDGE GRAPH?



What is a KNOWLEDGE GRAPH?



How often has Messi scored in matches against Ronaldo?



Does Cristiano Ronaldo like British food?

What is a Knowledge Graph?

We refer to triples (h, r, t) based on an ontology $O = (C, L, R, \rho)$ as **static edges** and to a set of such triples accordingly as a **static knowledge graph**.

An ontology that is only designed for logical inference of static edges is called a **static ontology**.

We propose the notion that a **data model D induces a (static) knowledge graph G** if G can be derived directly from D .
 $(head, relation, tail)$ $Ontology = (Concepts, Literals, Relations, rules)$

~~`:c_ronaldo :team :real_madrid. :team rdfs:domain :football_player.`~~

`:c_ronaldo :team :man_united. :team rdfs:range :football_team.`

`:leo_messi :team :fcbarcelona. ...`

...

Constrain the data model D to suit your needs!

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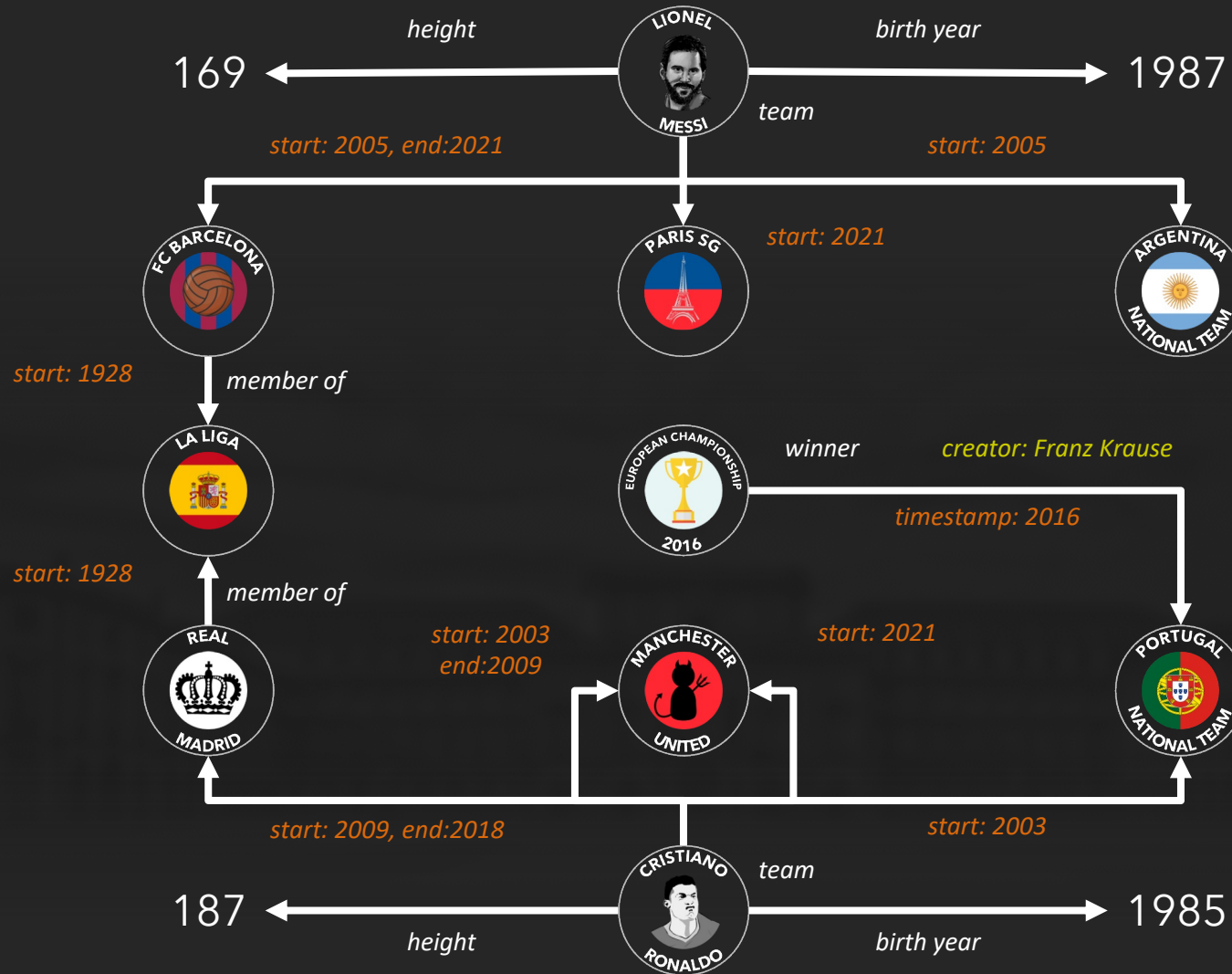
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Constrain the data model D to suit your needs!



STATIC



NON-STATIC

Time-Aware Knowledge Graph Extensions

Time-aware knowledge graph extensions are considered with respect to an **ordered set of timestamps T** , such as $T = \mathbb{N}$ or $T = \mathbb{R}$.




Given such a set of timestamps T , we define **the closure $\bar{T} := T \cup \{-\infty, \infty, \tau_\emptyset\}$** , where $-\infty$ and ∞ define unknown start and end timestamps and τ_\emptyset identifies nonexistent timestamps.

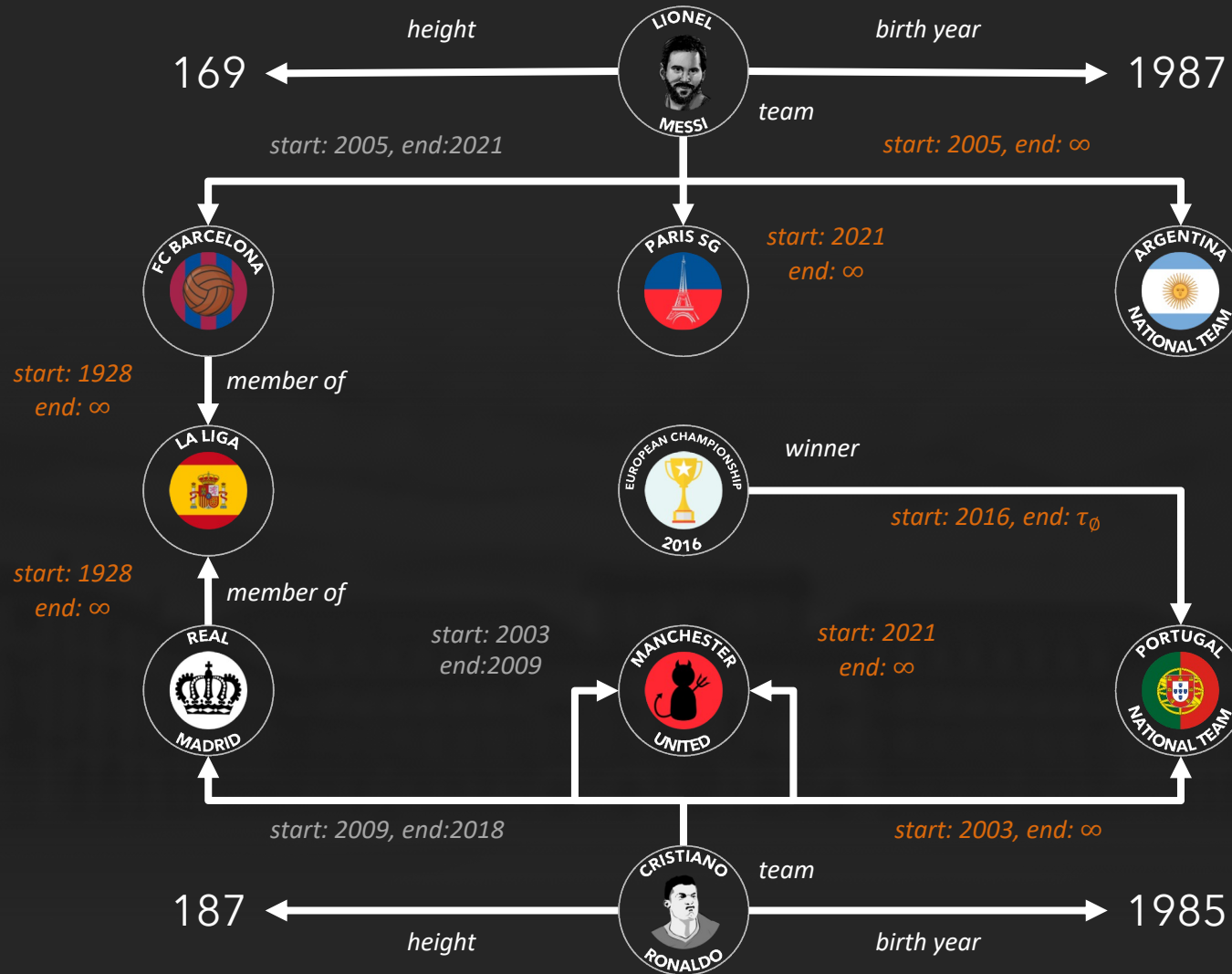
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Temporal Knowledge Graph Extensions

Given T and a static ontology $O = (C, L, R, \rho)$, a **temporal ontology** $O^T = (C, L, R, \rho^T)$ with $\rho \subseteq \rho^T$ is an extension of O which allows for logical inference of **quintuples** $(h, r, t, \tau^s, \tau^e)$ as extensions of static triples (h, r, t) with **additional start and end timestamps** $\tau^s, \tau^e \in \bar{T}$.

A set of such quintuples is referred to as a **temporal knowledge graph** with respect to the induced static knowledge graph of triples (h, r, t) .

Temporal extensions of static knowledge graphs already occur in several knowledge bases and **downstream tasks** (KG Embeddings, Relational Machine learning, ...)

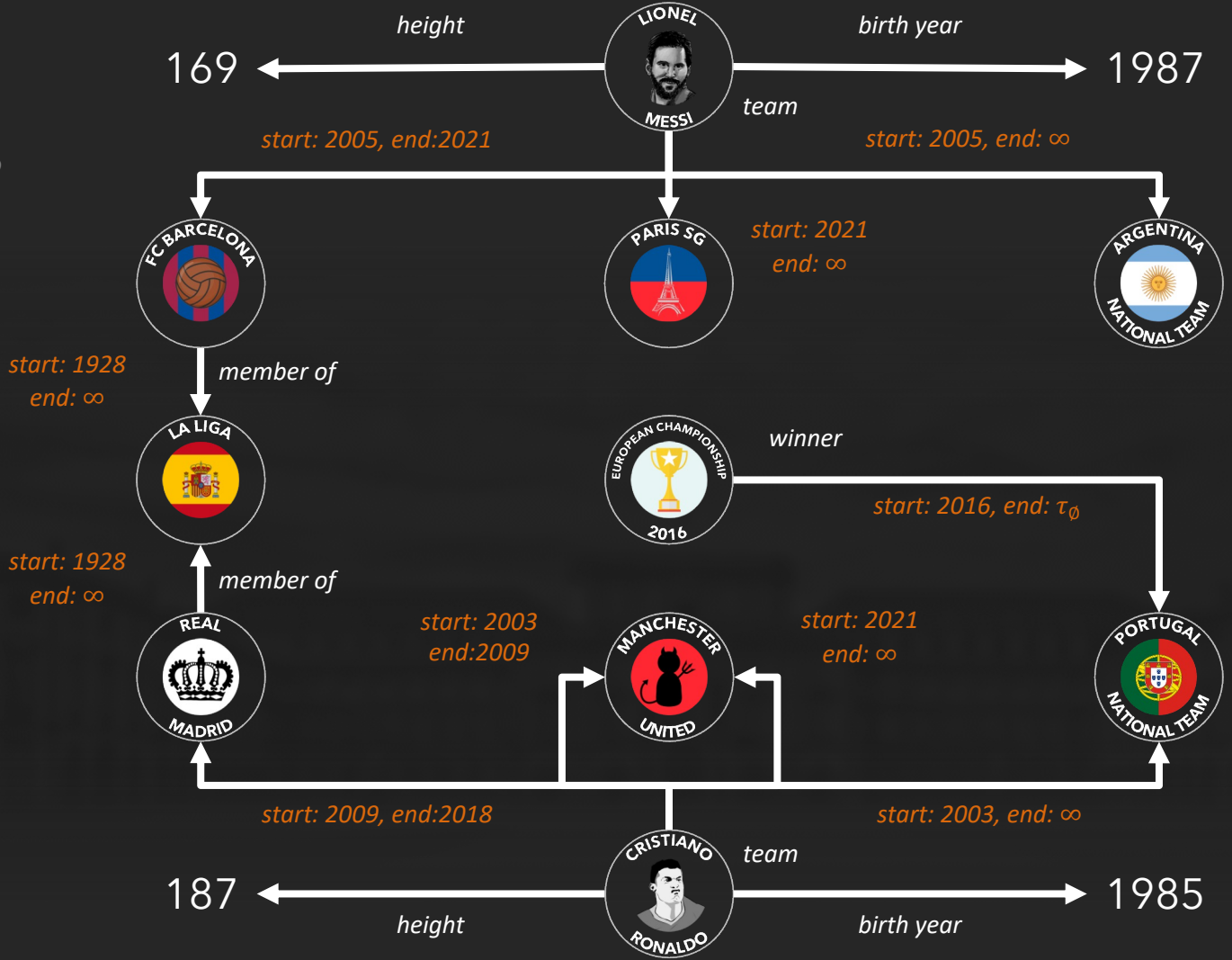


How often has Messi scored in matches against Ronaldo?

Is Lionel Messi happy with his national career?

Does Cristiano Ronaldo speak italian?

How much does Cristiano Ronaldo like British food?

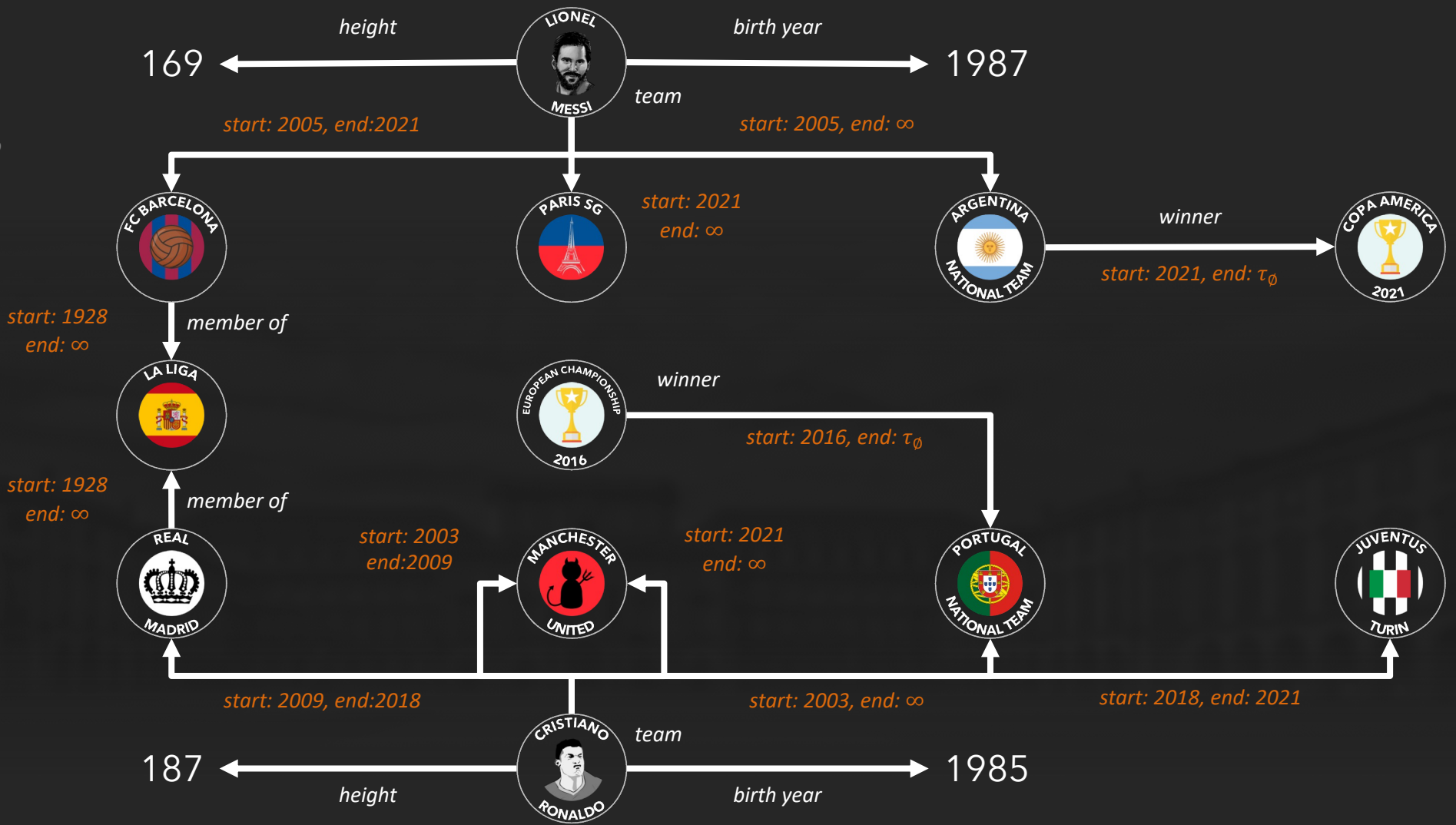


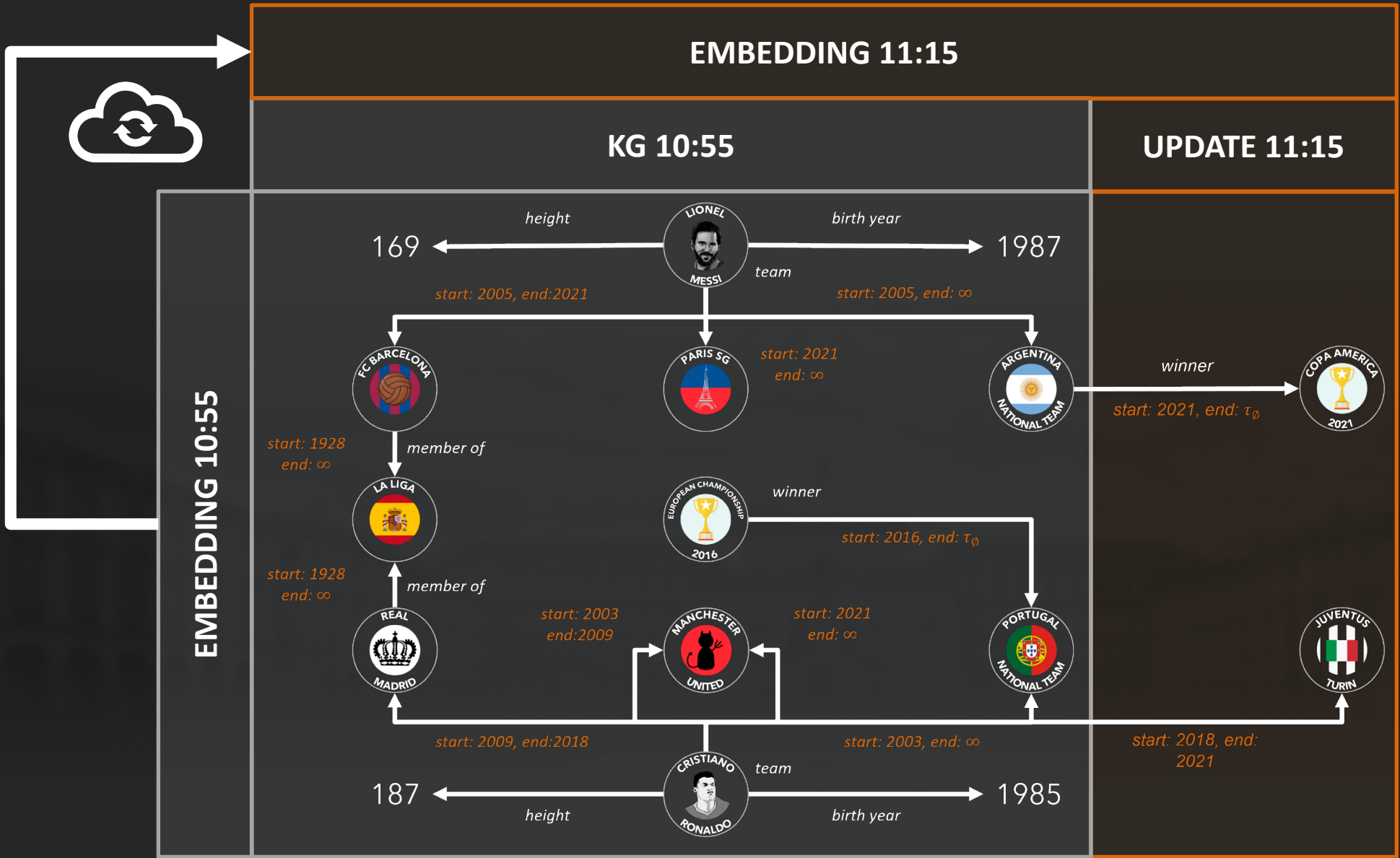
How often has Messi scored in matches against Ronaldo?

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How to incorporate KG Dynamics in downstream tasks?

Dynamic Knowledge Graph Extensions

A (static or non-static) knowledge graph is called a **stationary knowledge graph** if the inherent information encodes a domain image for a **fixed timestamp** and must be considered as **final**.

```
:c_ronaldo :team :real_madrid.  
:c_ronaldo :team :man_united.  
:leo_messi :team :fcbarcelona.  
...
```

10:55



```
:c_ronaldo :team :real_madrid 2009 2018.  
:c_ronaldo :team :man_united 2021 ∞.  
:leo_messi :team :fcbarcelona 2005 2021.  
:c_ronaldo :team :juve_turin 2018 2021.  
...
```

11:15



Dynamic Knowledge Graph Extensions

A (static or non-static) knowledge graph is called a **stationary knowledge graph** if the inherent information encodes a domain image for a **fixed timestamp** and must be considered as **final**.

We assume a time set T and a **family of static or non-static** (temporal) ontologies $\{O_\tau : \tau \in T\}$ with corresponding sets \mathbb{G}_τ of stationary knowledge graphs with respect to O_τ and $\mathbb{G}_T := \bigcup_{\tau \in T} \mathbb{G}_\tau$.

<code>:c_ronaldo :time :2009 2018.</code>	<code>:c_ronaldo :team :man_united 2009 2018.</code>
<code>:c_ronaldo :team :man_united.</code>	<code>:c_ronaldo :team :man_united 2021 ∞.</code>
<code>:leo_messi :team :fcbarcelona.</code>	<code>:leo_messi :team :fcbarcelona 2005 2021.</code>

Then, a **dynamic knowledge graph** is a mapping $\Gamma : T \rightarrow \mathbb{G}_T$ such that $\Gamma(\tau) \in \mathbb{G}_\tau$ holds for $\tau \in T$.

10:55



...

11:15



Dynamic Knowledge Graph Extensions

A (static or non-static) knowledge graph is called a **stationary knowledge graph** if the inherent information encodes a domain image for a **fixed timestamp** and must be considered as **final**.

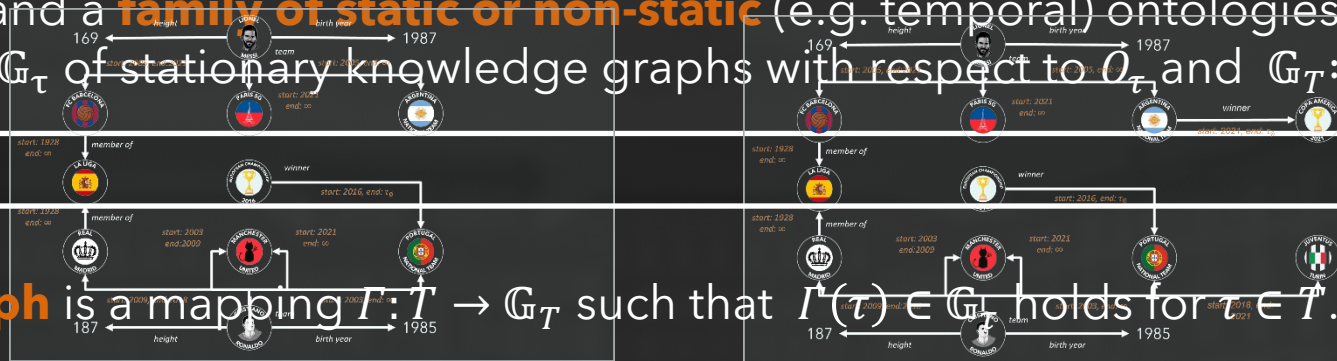
We assume a time set T and a **family of static or non-static** (e.g. temporal) ontologies $\{O_\tau : \tau \in T\}$ with corresponding sets G_τ of stationary knowledge graphs with respect to O_τ and $G_T := \bigcup_{\tau \in T} G_\tau$.

Then, a **dynamic knowledge graph** is a mapping $I: T \rightarrow G_T$ such that $I(\tau) \in G_\tau$ holds for $\tau \in T$.

10:30

10:55

11:15



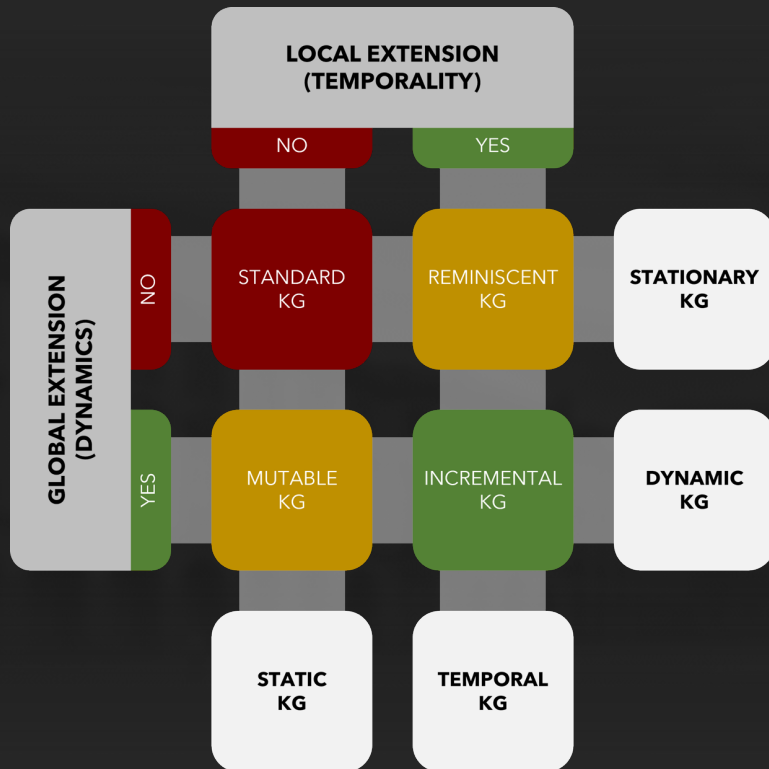
Time-Aware Knowledge Graph Extensions

Summary: Why we wrote this paper

- In addition to standard requirements such as integrability and standardization, the decision whether to use knowledge graphs increasingly depends on their added value in downstream tasks such as
 - latent numerical feature representations (embeddings),**
 - graph-based machine learning methods,**
 - (improved) explainability of black box models by semantic enrichment.**
- Until now, these tasks have been dealt with almost exclusively without consideration of **time-awareness** for **static** knowledge graphs.
- In the sparse literature related to time-aware downstream applications, terms such as **temporal, dynamic, static, etc.** are used interchangeably and in particular inconsistently.



Time-Aware Knowledge Graph Extensions



- **Local extensions are globally valid:**

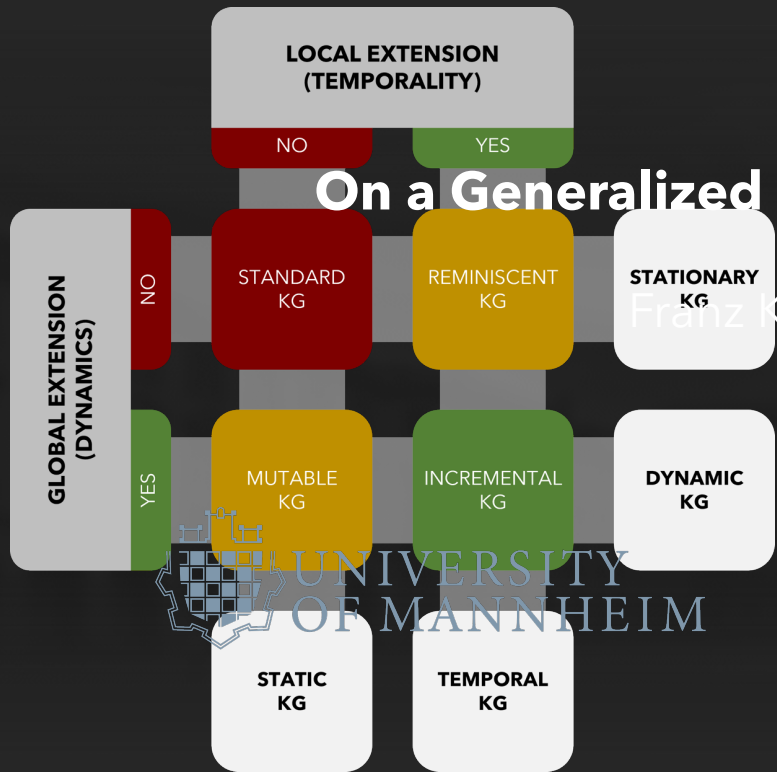
Temporal edge metadata should be factual

- **Global extensions are locally valid:**

Different agents learn in different ways

- Time-awareness is a crucial requirement for knowledge graphs and successive applications to be implemented in highly flexible and dynamic domains such as manufacturing.
- The definitions introduced in this work provide a common framework which aims at improving the interoperability of graph-based conceptualizations and AI applications.

Time-Aware Knowledge Graph Extensions



On a Generalized Framework for Time-Aware Knowledge Graphs

➤ Local extensions are globally valid:

Temporal edge metadata should be factual

➤ Global extensions are locally valid:

Different agents learn in different ways

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➤ Time-awareness is a crucial requirement for knowledge graphs and successive applications to be implemented in highly flexible and dynamic domains such as manufacturing.



➤ The definitions introduced in this work provide a common framework which aims at improving the interoperability of graph-based conceptualizations and AI applications.



"Raise Awareness for Time-Awareness."

Sealvester Stallone



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